

Test 1

Systems of linear equations

Problem 1.1 Solve the system:
$$\begin{cases} 4x - 4y + 3z = -3 \\ 2x + 3y - z = -9 \\ 6x - y + 3z = -13 \end{cases}$$
 and find the sum: $x + y + z$.

Problem 1.2 Find the general solution of the system:
$$\begin{cases} 5x - y + 3z = -3 \\ x + 3y - 3z = 3 \\ 11x + y + 3z = -3 \end{cases}$$

Problem 1.3 Find the general solution of the system:
$$\begin{cases} 4x_1 + 3x_2 - x_3 + 3x_4 = -2 \\ 2x_1 - 3x_2 + 5x_3 - 3x_4 = 4 \\ 10x_1 + 3x_2 + 3x_3 + 3x_4 = 0 \end{cases}$$

Problem 1.4 Given the system:
$$\begin{cases} 3x - y + 3z = -1 \\ 6x + (6 + a)z = 2 \\ 3x + y + (7 + a)z = -5 \\ 4y + (3a + 1)z = 9 + a \end{cases}$$
 Find a value of the parameter a , for which the system has the only one solution, and find this solution.

Problem 1.5 Given the system:
$$\begin{cases} x + 2y + 3z = 5 \\ 2x + 7y + (a + 7)z = 12 \\ x - y + (a^2 - a - 7)z = 4a + 15 \end{cases}$$
 Find such value of the parameter a , the system has an infinite number of solutions, and find the general solution for this value of a .

Problem 1.6 Given the system:
$$\begin{cases} 4x + y + 4z = -4 \\ 8x + 5y + (a + 9)z = -5 \\ 4x - 2y + (a^2 - a - 1)z = 4a + 1 \end{cases}$$
 Find the value of parameter a , for which the system has no solutions.

Problem 1.7 Write in a vector form the set of all the solutions of homogeneous system of equations:

$$\begin{cases} 2x - 2y + 3z = 0 \\ 3x + 4y - 3z = 0 \\ 7x + 3z = 0 \end{cases}$$

Problem 1.8 Write in a vector form the set of all the solutions of homogeneous system of equations:

$$\begin{cases} x - 3y + 2z = 0 \\ 5x - 15y + 10z = 0 \\ -4x + 12y - 8z = 0 \end{cases}$$

Problem 2.6 Given the system:
$$\begin{cases} k \cdot x + 5y + 5z = 3 \\ 10x + k \cdot y = 3 \\ 10x + k \cdot z = 3 \end{cases} .$$

Find values of k , such that the system has only one solution and find it.

Problem 2.7 Given the system:
$$\begin{cases} k \cdot x + 4y + 4z = 2 \\ 8x + k \cdot y = 2 \\ 8x + k \cdot z = 2 \end{cases} .$$

Find the values of k , such that the system has no solutions.

Problem 2.8 Given the system:
$$\begin{cases} k \cdot x - 3y - 3z = 2 \\ -6x + k \cdot y = 2 \\ -6x + k \cdot z = 2 \end{cases}$$

Prove, that for $k = -6$ the system has infinite number of solutions, and find the general solution in this case.